

Audley Group Limited
Gender Pay Gap Report
2024

Introduction

This report provides both the statutory disclosures required of the Audley Group, as well as further context around gender pay.

All companies with 250 or more employees are now required to publish their gender pay gap under legislation that came into force in April 2017. Employers must publish the gap in pay between men and women on both a median basis (pay per hour based on the person ‘in the middle’ of the distribution of pay) and a mean basis (average hourly salary). In addition, employers are required to disclose the distribution of gender by pay quartile – in other words, splitting the workforce into four groups based on their pay and showing the percentage of men and women in each group. Employers are also required to disclose percentages of staff receiving bonuses by gender and the gender pay gap on bonuses.

In compiling this report, we have included data for people on contracts (both permanent and fixed term contracts) but not consultants or agency staff.

The difference between the gender pay gap and equal pay

The gender pay gap differs from equal pay. Equal pay deals with the pay differences between men and women who carry out the same jobs, similar jobs or work of equal value. It is unlawful to pay people unequally because they are a man or a woman. The gender pay gap shows the differences in the average pay between men and women. Nationally one of the main reasons for the gender pay gap is that more men are likely to hold senior positions.

Gender and the gender pay gap

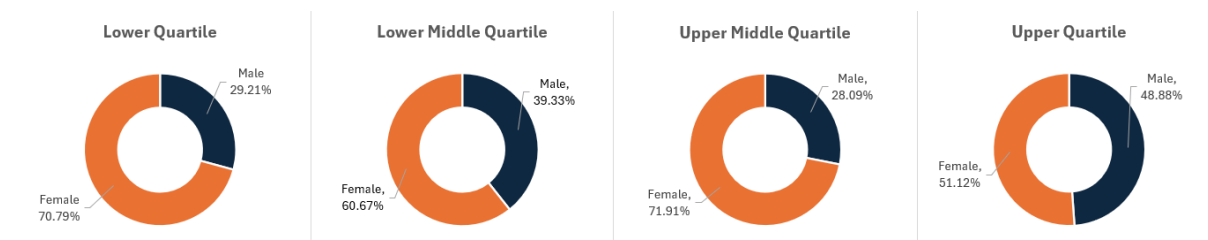
The ‘snapshot’ date for the Audley Group is 5th April 2024.

The overall mean gender pay gap at Audley is 23.41% (vs 33.33% - 2023) and the overall median gender pay gap is 2.70% (vs 8.69% - 2023)

	2024		2023	
	Mean (%)	Median (%)	Mean (%)	Median (%)
Gender Pay Gap	23.41%	2.70%	33.33%	8.69%
Gender Bonus Gap	8.64%	0.00%	70.15%	0%
Proportion of men receiving bonus pay	63.92%		77.78%	
Proportion of women receiving bonus pay	66.01%		79.81%	

Overall, Audley have a 66% female and 34% male workforce. The percentage of female workers is higher at the lower pay grades within the organisation, with the increasing percentage of men in senior management and so at higher pay grades as demonstrated by the quartile graphs below.

Gender split across quartiles



We have analysed the gender pay gap by departments within our organisation below.

Gender Pay Gap by department

Department	2024		2023	
	Mean pay gap %	Median pay gap %	Mean pay gap %	Median pay gap %
Support Office	52.32%	44.99%	52.05%	42.62%
Village Function	15.6%	7.53%	20.37%	8.04%
Care Function	-9.76%	-4.58%	-11.20%	-7.03%

As demonstrated by the table above, the largest gender pay gap is within Support Office. This category includes the highest paid management team members within Audley Group. Overall, the data reflects the fact that Audley Group is a business that has three key functions; property, care and hospitality, along with a central support functions: with each function having different levels of pay.

The Care Function, which accounts for a third of the organisation's headcount is made up of 91% female team members, who generally fall in the lower three quartiles for pay compared to other functions. It is worth noting that benchmarking exercises within the function have uplifted rates in comparison to other operational functions.

Audley Group is proud to be an Equal Opportunities employer and gender has no impact on our recruitment process.

I confirm that the published information is accurate.

Nick Sanderson

Chief Executive Officer

March 2025